



## Overview

According to United Nations, the Asia's urban population will increase by 650 million by 2030. In view of this rapid urbanisation, cities must get their infrastructure planning right in order to develop their economies and attract new investment. The Asian Development Bank estimates that Asia needs at least USD800 billion a year or 6% of GDP in infrastructure spending to fund its infrastructure needs. This cannot be addressed by either the public or the private sector on its own.

Appreciating its advantage, cities are increasingly turning to public private partnership (PPP) and public concession models to help build and finance infrastructure initiatives. PPPs will not only provide the muchneeded capital, but also in instituting knowledge-sharing processes from the private sector to the communities, and vice versa. Nevertheless, cities must first overcome the bottlenecks faced before reaping the full benefits of PPP.

The cities in Asia are either locked down by a lack of regulatory frameworks or the incapability of the public sector in structuring and managing contracts. Most of the time a failure of a PPP project is attributed to the poor project preparation and in some cases, financial shortages. The Asian Infrastructure PPP Summit aims to line up the best practices in changing the deficits in urban infrastructure by bridging the gap through dynamic public-private partnership.

After three successful conferences in the last few years, our 4th Annual Personal Data Protection aims to resolve doubts and clear confusions pertaining to the Act and provide the best practices in the compliance of Personal Data Protection Act 2010.

## Key take-aways:

- Removing the stumbling blocks in mobilising PPP
- Enhancing the capabilities in structuring & managing contracts
- Reviewing innovative ways to finance infrastructure development
- Evaluating the project's commercial viability
- Working together with stakeholders with different interests & priorities • Lessons learnt from economic & social infrastructure PPP projects

## Who should attend?

• Infrastructure Planning • Transportation Engineering and Planning • Construction Engineering and Management • Project Management & Development • Planning and Investment • Project Advisory • Corporate Strategy & Investment • State Planning Unit • Risk Management • Strategy • Business development  
From government agencies, policy makers, concessionaires, construction companies & other private players

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